















Traditional, vernacular and historical architecture



3rd Semester

Susana Mora Alonso-Muñoyerro Ignacio Mora Moreno David E. García García M. Carolina Hernández Martínez Camila Burgos Vargas

Traditional, vernacular and historical architecture.



Heritage and Society



Elective Courses











Traditional, vernacular and historical architecture.



Heritage and Society



Elective Courses

- Introduction to vernacular architecture.
- Main climatic areas around the world and bioclimatic strategies. Low latitude climates.
- 3. Main climatic areas around the world and bioclimatic strategies. Medium latitude climates.
- Main climatic areas around the world and bioclimatic strategies. High latitude and undefined location climates.
- 5. Materials and constructive systems in vernacular architecture.
- 6. Vernacular architecture in Europe: Mediterranean coast.
- Vernacular architecture in Europe: Atlantic coast.
- 8. Vernacular architecture in Europe: Central Europe.
- 9. Vernacular architecture in Europe: Nordic area.
- 10. Vernacular architecture in Europe: High mountain areas.
- 11. Vernacular architecture: Singularities I: Caves.
- 12. Vernacular architecture: Singularities II: Architecture and production.
- 13. Vernacular architecture: Singularities III: External Influences.
- Vernacular architecture and landscape.
- 15. Spanish traditional architecture.







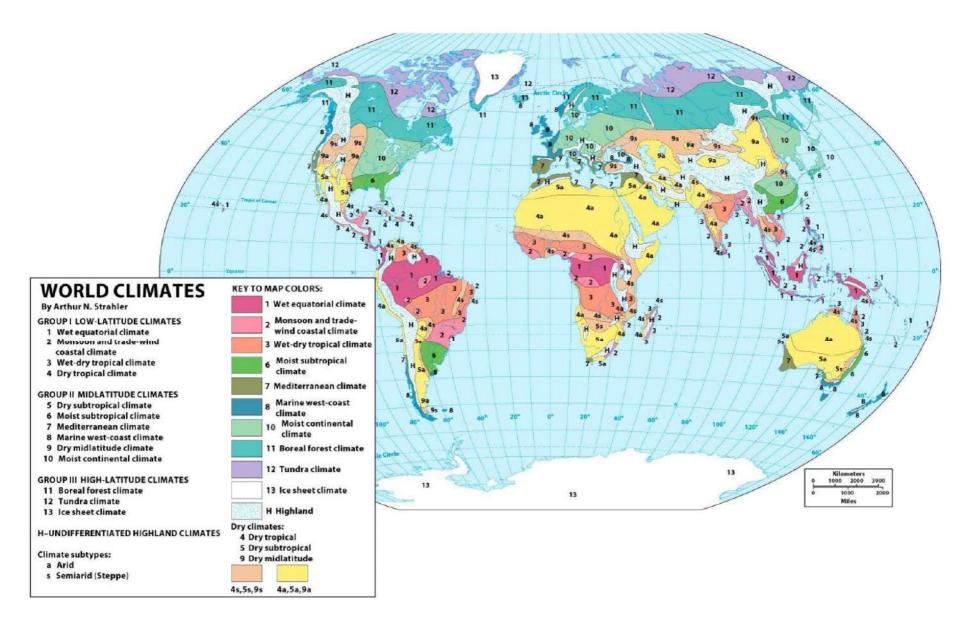


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World climates were classified by A. N. Strahler according to the latitudes in which they exist.

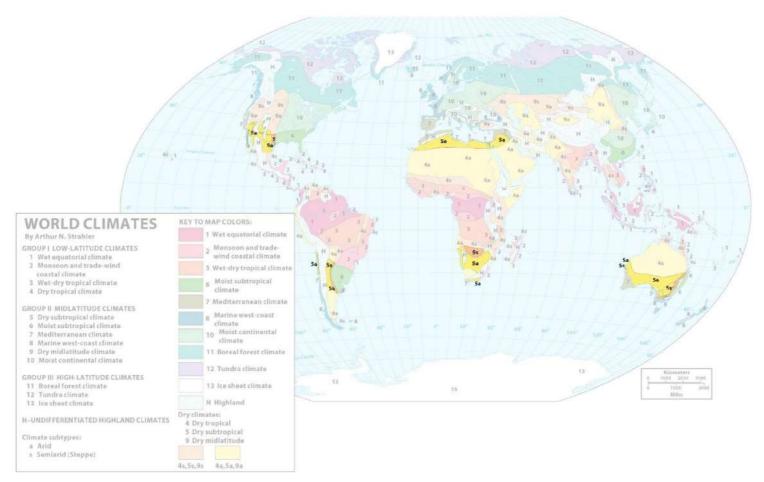
There are three main groups:

- Low latitude climates. From 0° to 23° N/S.
- Medium latitude climates. From 23° to to 50-60° N/S.
- High latitude and high mountain climates. From 50-60° to 90° N/S and high altitudes everywhere.

MEDIUM LATITUDE CLIMATES:

- Dry subtropical climate
- Moist subtropical climate
- Mediterranean climate
- Marine west-coast climate
- Dry midlatitude climate
- Moist continental climate

DRY SUBTROPICAL CLIMATE



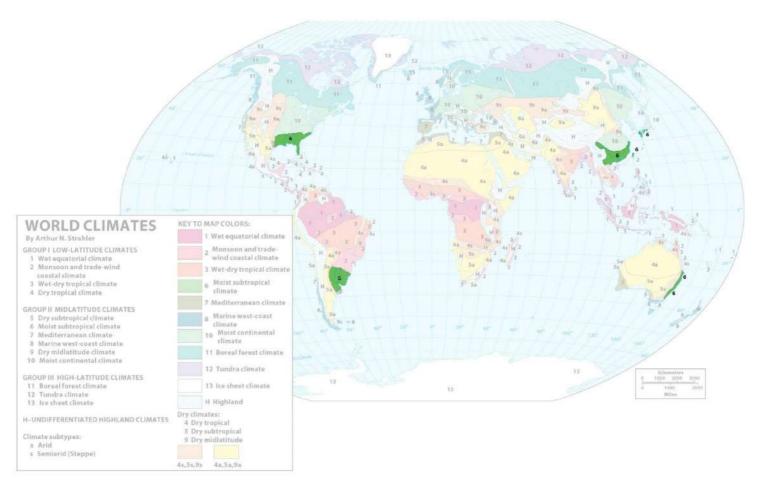
DRY SUBTROPICAL CLIMATE

It's conditioned by continental-tropical air masses. It's an arid to semiarid climate.

Very high maximum temperatures.



MOIST SUBTROPICAL CLIMATE



MOIST SUBTROPICAL CLIMATE

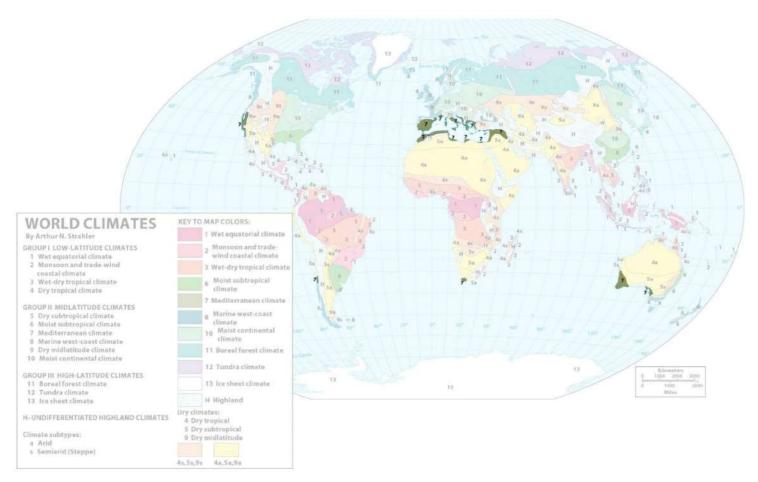
It's conditioned by moist air masses from the sea.

Frequent precipitations during summer.

High temperatures in summer and low ones in winter.



MEDITERRANEAN CLIMATE



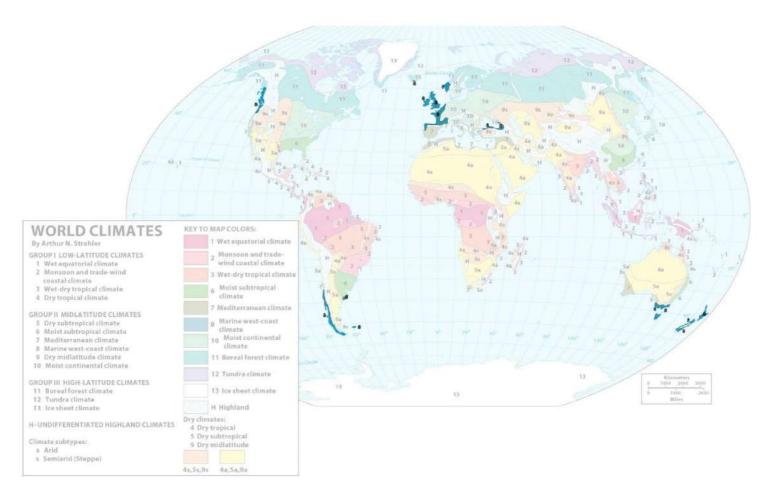
MEDITERRANEAN CLIMATE

Hot dry summers and rainy winters.

Wide temperature oscillation during the year. Clearly differentiated seasons.



MARINE WEST-COAST CLIMATE



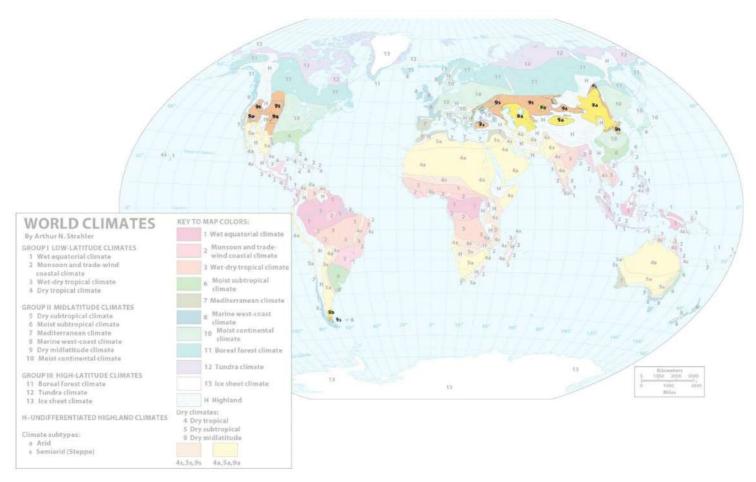
MARINE WEST-COAST CLIMATE

It's conditioned by moist polar marine air masses that usually develop cloudiness and precipitations in winter.

Low temperature oscillation.



DRY MIDLATITUDE CLIMATE

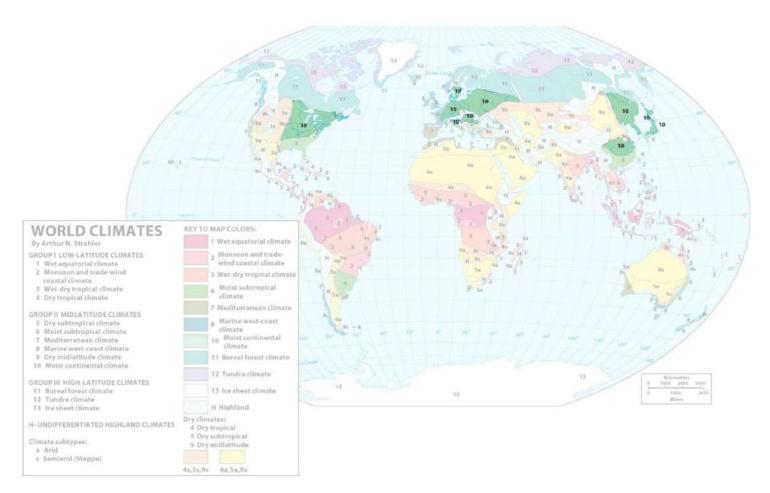


DRY MIDLATITUDE CLIMATE

It's conditioned by dry air, so there are high temperature oscillations along the year (hot summers and cold winters).



MOIST CONTINENTAL CLIMATE



MOIST CONTINENTAL CLIMATE

It's conditioned by polar and tropical air masses merging so the climate is very variable, with defined seasons.

Long cold winters and short fresh summers with abundant precipitations.



BIOCLIMATIC STRATEGIES

In this latitude, the main strategies to achieve comfort are:

- Capacity of both protection and catchment from sun
- Evaporative cooling
- Radiative cooling
- Ventilation

BIOCLIMATIC STRATEGIES

The strategies applied result in some characteristic elements used in vernacular architecture, such as:

- Patios
- Protective cornices (from sun and rain)
- Flexible openings
- Thick walls
- Use of thermal insulation
- Crossed ventilation

















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